

## GCPS Computing Overview

## Computing Intent Statement:

Technology is ever present and ever changing in our world today and we would like all children to enjoy using technology safely and confidently across a range of different areas of the curriculum. We want to ensure that children find, analyse, explore, exchange and create information in a creative way. Learning and teaching within the computing curriculum empowers children to become digitally confident in their daily lives which helps to prepare them to become independent users of technology beyond the classroom.



Key Stage One											
Year 1 Key questions	What is a computer?	How do I use the school computer independently?		How do I record sounds and pictures?		How do I present using picture?	data	What is an algorithm?	What is a programme?		
Year 1 progression	What is a Computer? - Recognise a range digital devices Select a digital defulfil a specific tasl to take a photo Name a range of a devices, e.g. laptop, games console Log on to the schocomputer / unlock t school tablet with selection - Use a suitable acceptation device (mouse, keyboard, screen Use a suitable acceptation device (mouse, keyboard, screen) - Use a suitable acceptation device (mouse, keyboard, screen) - Use a suitable acceptation device (mouse, keyboard, screen) - Use a suitable acceptation device (mouse, keyboard, screen)	evice to k, e.g. digital phone, ool the support. c parts mouse, ess poard, a) to an ter.	out information website.  - Recognise the digital content appearance.  - Select basice to change the digital content an image / fon paintbrush.	al content, e.g.  a from a images, video, ent a topic. at you can find n from a  at you can edit to change its tools/options appearance of c, e.g. filter on t / size of  lia with support ormation, e.g.	of digital of image, vide - Collect si likes/dislik - Present si images, e.g animals Recognis pictograms them Explain in a simple pictogram Modify scharts/pictitle, item - Identify of a chart - Collect d colour, pet	imple itograms, e.g. add	Recognidon't h - Exploidon't h - Exploidon't h - Exploidon't h - Crear - Predisimple - Exploidon - Recognidon't h - Debut	amming & Algorithms hise that computers have a brain. In that we control ters by giving them ctions. The a simple program control a floor robot. The a simple algorithm. The outcome of a algorithm or program. The in the outcome of a algorithm or program. The something happen. The something happen. The simple that the order Tructions in an The is important. The gan error in a simple The or program e.g. for	Digital Literacy  - Use a simple password when logging on, where relevant.  - Explain why we use passwords.  - Recognise examples of personal information e.g. name, image.  - Know who to tell if concerned about content or contact online.  - Recognise that digital content belongs to the person who created it.  - Talk about their use of technology at home.		

	- Save and open file support Add an image to a document from a give folder/source with support.	ven							
Year 2 Key	What is a computer?	compu	o I use a ter as a	How do I cre multimedia st	de la companya della companya della companya de la companya della	What is a branch database?	ning	How do I improve my algorithms?	How do I improve my programmes?
Questions Year 2	What is a Computer	writer	? Presenting Ir	5	Data			  mming & Algorithms	Digital literacy
Progression	Recognise what a construction is (input > process > construction of the computers, e.g. phone console, smart speak - Explain what the bound of the computer of the computer of the console, e.g. mouse, keyboard; and output devices, e.g. speakers screen.  Open key application independently.	omputer output). unge of in e, games eer. asic are used put	Multimedia  Create simple content for digital art.  Recognise use technolor and playback and view phoremose to a particular effective emphasise por Present ide	le digital a purpose, e.g. that we can agy to record audio or take atographs. s to digital chieve a afect, e.g. art of a text.	Identify digital c image, v - Recogr pictogra databas them Identi branchir - Recogr branchir - Create databas	different forms of ontent, i.e. text, ideo and audio. hise charts, ims and branching es, and why we use fy an object using a hig database hise an error in a hig database. It a branching e using pre-prepared and questions	Explair no inte to prog things Creat multipl a floor - Predi algorit multipl - Recog instruct need to unambi - Iden	that computers have elligence and we have gram them to do te a program with esteps e.g. to control robot. In the outcome of an hm or program with esteps. I gnise that the ctions in an algorithm of be clear and	Remember a simple password to log onto the computer or a website.  Identify rules for acceptable use of technology in school.  Recognise what personal information is and the need to keep it private.  Recognise that spending a lot of time in front of a screen can be unhealthy.  Recognise that some information found online may not be true.

	- Save and open files to/from a given folder Add an image to a document from a given folder/source Resize an image in a document Highlight text and use arrow keys Capture media independently (e.g. take		media, e.g. text and images Explain that you can search for information on the internet Plan out digital content, e.g. a simple sketch or storyboard Identify the common features of digital		<ul> <li>Identify the features of a good question in a branching database.</li> <li>Independently plan out and create a branching database.</li> <li>Evaluate a given branching database and suggest improvements.</li> </ul>		program, and recognise the term debugging Explain what an algorithm is, and that when inputted on a computer it is called a program Plan out a program by creating an algorithm, and evaluate its success			
Year 3 Key			makes a good How do I use a				How do I use repetition in programs?		on How do I use forever loops in programs?	
Questions		-		/ 1		information?				
Year 3 Progression	What is a Computer?  - Describe what a computer is (input > process > output).  - Explain the difference between input and output devices on a computer.  - Know where to save and open files (e.g. in shared folder).  - Save files with appropriate names.		Presenting Information & Multimedia  - Present ideas and information by combining media independently, e.g. text and images.  - Design and create simple digital content for a purpose/audience, e.g. poster.		Recognise charts, pictograms and databases, and why we use them.  - Present information using a suitable chart  - Explore a record card database to find out information.  - Use filters in a database to find out specific information.		Programming & Algorithms Predict the outcome of a block or text-based program (Scratch/Logo) Successfully modify an existing program, e.g. change background, number of times things happen Identify repeated steps in a program or algorithm.		Digital literacy Explain why we need to keep our password safe Recognise that digital content belongs to the person who first created it, but we can give permission for others to use it Recognise when to share personal information and when not to.	

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	- Use a keyboard effe	ctively	- Edit digital			e key parts of a		e examples of	- Recognise that some people	
	to type in text.		•	g. resize text.		e.g. record, field,	_	hms containing count-	lie about who they are online	
	- Use left-, right- and	,			search.		contro	lled loops.	- Are aware that games and	
	double-click on the mo	use.	a good piece	of digital	- Answer o	juestions about	- Use o	count-controlled loop	films have age ratings.	
	- Add an image to a do	cument	content.		informatio	n in a database.	(e.g. re	peat 3 times) to make		
	from the internet.		- Explain why	v we use	- Name so	me benefits of	a progr	ram more efficient.		
	- Resize and move an i	mage in	technology to	o create	using a cor	nputer to create	- Reco	gnise that we can		
	a document.		digital contei	nt.	charts and	l databases.	create	an algorithm to help		
	- Use a search engine	to find	- Recognise v	vhy we use	- Recognis	e that search	plan ou	t a program.		
	simple information.		different typ	oes of media	engines st	ore information in	- Reco	gnise a forever loop in		
	- Recognise that school	ol	to convey inf	ormation, e.g.	databases		a progr	am or algorithm.		
	computers are connec	ted.	text, image,	audio, video. 🦯			- Use o	ı forever loop in a		
				//			progra	m to keep something		
				/ /	J		happen	ing.		
						- Iden	tify errors in a block			
							or text	t-based program and		
							t them.			
				\ ,	V	_		gnise that different		
				\		( /	inputs	can be used to control		
		_		\		<u> </u>	a progr	ram		
Year 4	What is a	How d	o I use a	What makes o	an	How is data share	ed	How do I write	How do I use selection	
Key	computer?	comput	ter as an	excellent mult	rimedia	online?		efficient programs?	in a program?	
Questions		artist?	)	story?			_			
Year 4	What is a Computer?		Presenting In	formation &	Data		Progra	mming & Algorithms	Digital literacy	
progression	- Recognise that you c		Multimedia		- Draw conclusions from				Remember and use an	
	organise files using folders.				information stored in a		Create a program using a		individual password.	
	- Explain what a good file				database, chart or table.		range of events/inputs to		- Recognise what kinds of	
	name would look like.				_	- Design a questionnaire and		l what happens.	websites are trustworthy	
	- Delete and move file	S.			collect a r	ange of data on a	-	gnise that we can	sources of information.	
	- Use key parts of a				theme.			oose a problem into	- Recognise the benefits and	
	keyboard effectively,	_					smaller	parts to help solve it.	risks of different apps and	
	shift, arrow keys, dele	ete).							websites.	

	- Know how to copy and paste text or images in a document.  - Crop an image and apply simple filters.  - Use a search engine to find specific information.  - Recognise that school computers are connected together on a network.  - Edit digital content improve it according feedback.  - Identify the feature a good piece of digital content and apply the own design.  - Explain the benefit using technology to present information.  - Know where to find copyright-free contents.  - Collect, organise and present information a range of media.  - Design and create of content for a specific purpose, e.g. poster, animation.  - Edit digital content improve it according feedback.  - Identify the feature a good piece of digital content and apply the own design.  - Explain the benefit using technology to present information.  - Know where to find copyright-free contents and apply the own design.  - Collaborate with permits and create of content for a specific purpose, e.g. poster, animation.  - Edit digital content improve it according feedback.  - Identify the feature a good piece of digital content and apply the own design.  - Explain the benefit using technology to present information.  - Know where to find copyright-free contents and apply the own design.  - Explain the benefit using technology to present information.		rmation using edia. create digital a specific poster, content to cording to ne features of of digital apply these in benefits of logy to rmation. e to find ee content, commons e with peers tools, e.g. e Drive, Office	information.  - Recognise that school computers are connected together on a network.  - Recognise that the Internet is made up of computers and other digital devices connected together all around the world.  - Know that you use a web browser to access information stored on the internet.  - Appreciate that you need to use specific software to work with video, images, audio etc.			ain when to use forever and count-controlled and use them in ms.  gnise selection in a m or algorithm.  selection in algorithms arams to alter what as when a condition as, e.g. ifthen  gn a program for a e. Decompose into and create an hm for each one.  gnise common mistakes arams and how to them.	can dif - Co the	- Recognise that the media can portray groups of people differently Can rate a game or film they have made and explain their rating.	
		365, if availa		1 1/ 6						
	1			Ipper Key S			1	ı		
Year 5 Key Questions				, J			How do I use variables in programs?			
Year 5 progression	What is a Computer?	Presenting In Multimedia	Presenting Information & Multimedia		Data		Programming & Algorithms		Digital literacy	

	Key Skills  - Type using fingers of both hands.  - Use common keyboar shortcuts, e.g. ctrl C (copy), ctrl V (paste).  - Explain what makes strong password.  - Use folders to organ files.  - Know how to mute an unmute audio on a computer or tablet.  - Recognise that ther more than one search engine, and they may produce different results.  - Use a search engine effectively to find information and image.  - Know how to search an application on a computer/tablet.	rd  a nise nd e is sults.	existing and the media to created when designing creating digitations are collaborate was a light of using tech collaborate was a light of creating of content for a purpose and content again criteria and recontent and recontent again criteria and recontent again and recontent again criteria and recontent again and reconstructions are considered as a light again and recontent again and reconstructions are considered as a light again and reconstruction	nardware and fulfil a	between de informatio - Apprecia programs ver different text, numb - Explain the text ween the World - Know the between a a web brow - Explain the text ween a a web brow - Explain the text ween a a web brow - Explain the text ween a a web brow - Explain the text ween a a web brow - Explain the text ween a results Perform for inform advanced sengines Recognises Recognises.	n. te that different work with types of data, e.g. per, video. he difference ne Internet and Wide Web. difference search engine and wser. he basics of how pines work, and rent search ay give different complex searches	physical Recognishms a prograte if the Recognishms a repeat - Creativariable - Evalumake ii code oi - Creativariation - Creativaria	e a range of sensors in al systems.  Ignise that different ins may exist for the roblem.  In t	- Know where to find copyright free images and audio, and why this is important Critically evaluate websites for reliability of information and authenticity Demonstrate responsible use of a online services, and know a range of ways to report concerns.
Year 6	What is a		o I use a	What makes a		Why do we use		How do I build comple	
Key Questions	computer?	comput design	ter as a	excellent film?	?	spreadsheets?		physical systems?	complex programs?
Year 6	What is a Computer?	uesigne	er: Presenting Inf	⊥ formation &	Data	l	Progra	mming & Algorithms	Digital Literacy
progression	- Type efficiently using	a both	Multimedia		Recognise what a		_	n and program a	- Explain what makes a
F. 03. 000.011	hands.	,			spreadsheet is and what it is		physical computing system		strong password and why this
	- Use a range of keybo	ard			used for.		1	ses sensors.	is important at school and in
	shortcuts.								the wider world.

- Recognise that different devices may have different operating systems.
- Organise files effectively using folders and files names.
- Use the advanced search tools when using a search engine to find specific information and images.
- Explain the basic function of an operating system.
- Recognise common file types and extensions e.g. jpeg, png, doc, wav
- Recognise a range of Internet services, e.g. email, VOIP (e.g. Skype, FaceTime), World Wide Web and what they do.

- -Select, combine and remix a range of media to create original content.
- Consider all steps of the design process when creating content (e.g. identify problem, plan, create, evaluate, share.)
- Identify the most effective tools to present information for a specific purpose.
- Explain the benefits of using technology to collaborate with others.
- Evaluate existing digital content in terms of effectiveness and design.

- Explain the difference between physical, mobile and wireless networks.
- Use simple formulae in a spreadsheet to find out information from a set of data.
- Collect data for a purpose and plan out a spreadsheet to present it effectively, using relevant formulae.
- Produce graphs from data in a spreadsheet to answer a question.
- Analyse and evaluate data and information in a spreadsheet, chart or database.
- Recognise that poor quality data leads to unreliable results

- Recognise and use procedures (sub-routines) in programs.
- Plan out a program in detail, including task, algorithm, code and execution level.
- Explain common errors in programs and how to fix them.
- Use nested selection statements in a program or algorithm effectively.
- Combine a variable with relational operators (< = >) to determine when a program changes, e.g. if score > 5, say "well done".
- Recognise key concepts (sequence, selection, repetition and variables) in a range of languages and contexts.

- Explain how algorithms are used to track online activities with a view to targeting advertising and information.

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- Know that there are laws around the purchase of games; the production, sending and storage of images; what is written online; and around online gambling.